

Ohio Legislative Service Commission

Bill Analysis

Andrea Holmes

H.B. 235
131st General Assembly
(As Introduced)

Reps. Terhar, Antani, Becker, Blessing, Brenner, Dever, Perales, T. Johnson, LaTourette, Maag, Romanchuk, Schaffer

BILL SUMMARY

- Waives the payment of the license fee that is otherwise required to obtain a
 concealed handgun license for applicants who are active or reserve members of the
 armed forces of the United States, or who have retired from or were honorably
 discharged from such military service.
- Permits an applicant for a concealed handgun license who has retired from or has been honorably discharged from military service to submit evidence of the applicant's military service as proof of competency regardless of the date that the applicant retired or was honorably discharged.

CONTENT AND OPERATION

Waiver of payment of concealed handgun license fee

The bill requires a sheriff who receives an initial or renewal application for a concealed handgun license to waive the payment of the license fee for applicants who are active or reserve members of the armed forces of the United States, or who have retired from or were honorably discharged from military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States. The application fee for other applicants remains \$67, plus, for nonresidents or residents for less than five years, the cost of an FBI background check.

¹ R.C. 2923.125(B)(1)(c).

Concealed handgun license competency certification

The bill removes the requirement that an applicant for a concealed handgun license who has retired from or has been honorably discharged from military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States have retired or been honorably discharged within the ten years immediately preceding the application for the applicant to be exempt from the additional firearms training requirements of the Concealed Carry Law. Instead, an applicant who has retired from or has been honorably discharged from such military service at any time prior to the application is not required to undergo any additional training, provided that the applicant can provide the applicant's firearms competency certification.²

Continuing law requires an applicant for a concealed handgun license to provide a competency certification. The type of competency certification varies based upon the background of the applicant, and can include a requirement that the applicant complete a firearms safety, training, or requalification or firearms safety instructor course, class, or program. Under current law, an applicant who has retired from or was honorably discharged from military service in the active or reserve armed forces of the United States within the ten years immediately preceding the application is not required to complete any additional training, provided that the applicant can provide a document that evidences that the applicant has retired from or was honorably discharged from military service within the previous ten years and that, through participation in the military service the applicant acquired experience with handling handguns or other firearms, and the experience was equivalent to training that the applicant could have acquired in a course, class, or program otherwise required for certification of other applicants.³

HISTORY
ACTION
Introduced
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² R.C. 2923.125(B)(3).

³ R.C. 2923.125(B)(3)(d).