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Bill Analysis

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Primary Sponsors: Reps. Keller and Hood

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SUMMARY

- Prohibits, as the crime of aggravated abortion murder, a person from purposely:
 - Performing or having an abortion with prior calculation;
 - Performing an abortion while committing or attempting to commit certain crimes; or
 - Performing or having an abortion while under detention for a felony or breaking that detention.
- Prohibits, as the crime of abortion murder, a person from purposely performing or having an abortion, or causing an abortion as a proximate result of the offender's committing or attempting to commit an offense of violence that is a first or second degree felony offense that is not aggravated abortion murder.
- Requires aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to be punished as provided under existing laws for murder.
- Requires the court to regard the unborn child victim of an aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder as a person who is less than 13 years of age.
- Provides that a physician is not subject to criminal prosecution, civil action, or professional disciplinary action if the physician:
 - Believes, using reasonable medical judgment, that the pregnant woman will die from a fatal condition before the unborn child is viable;
 - Performs surgery to treat the woman's fatal condition;
 - Takes all possible steps to preserve the unborn child's life (including, if applicable, re-implanting an ectopic pregnancy) and the mother's life.
- Provides an affirmative defense for a woman upon whom an abortion was performed or attempted, if she was compelled to have the abortion through force, fear, duress,

intimidation, or fraud, and she filed a report to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction certifying in writing that she was compelled to have the abortion.

- Amends Revised Code sections that apply to murder or aggravated murder to also apply to the new crimes of abortion murder and aggravated abortion murder.

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DETAILED ANALYSIS

New abortion criminal offenses

The bill creates the crimes of abortion murder and aggravated abortion murder in R.C. Chapter 2904. The bill further provides that the new chapter supersedes all conflicting Revised Code provisions regarding abortion. Additionally, no state funds may be disbursed to support a violation of the new law and no contract that would require or support a violation may be enforced.¹

Abortion murder

The bill provides that no person shall purposely perform or have an abortion. Additionally, no person shall cause an abortion as a proximate result of the offender's committing or attempting to commit an offense of violence that is a first or second degree felony offense and that is not the offense of aggravated abortion murder.² This provision does not apply to an offense that becomes a first or second degree felony solely because the offender had previously been convicted of that offense or another specified offense.³

¹ R.C. 2904.01, 2904.03, and 2904.04.

² R.C. 2904.04(A) and (B). An "offense of violence" that involves a first or second degree felony includes, for example, felonious assault, permitting child abuse, and kidnapping. It does not include murder or aggravated murder because, even though they are offenses of violence, they are unclassified felonies. See R.C. 2901.01 for other offenses.

³ R.C. 2904.04(C).

A person who violates this new offense is guilty of abortion murder, and is subject to the same penalties imposed for violation of the offense of murder under existing law.⁴ Those penalties include, for example, an indefinite prison term of 15 years to life and a fine of not more than \$15,000.⁵

Aggravated abortion murder

The bill provides that no person shall purposely, and with prior calculation or design, perform or have an abortion. Additionally, no person shall purposely perform an abortion while committing or attempting to commit any of the following offenses:⁶

- Kidnapping;
- Rape;
- Aggravated arson;
- Arson;
- Aggravated robbery;
- Robbery;
- Aggravated burglary;
- Burglary;
- Trespass in a habitation when a person is present or likely to be present;
- Terrorism;
- Escape.

Finally, no person who is under detention as a result of having been found guilty of or having pleaded guilty to a felony or who breaks that detention shall purposely perform or have an abortion.

A person who violates this new offense is guilty of aggravated abortion murder, and is subject to the same penalties imposed for violation of the offense of aggravated murder under existing law.⁷ Those penalties include the death penalty and possibly a fine of not more than \$25,000.⁸

⁴ R.C. 2904.04(D).

⁵ See R.C. 2929.02(B), (C), and (D).

⁶ R.C. 2904.03(A) and (B).

⁷ R.C. 2904.03(D).

⁸ See R.C. 2929.02(A), (C), and (D)

Classification of unborn child

The bill requires the court to regard the unborn child victim of an aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder as a person who is less than 13 years of age.⁹

Under the bill, an “unborn child” is defined as an individual organism of the species homo sapiens from fertilization until live birth.¹⁰

Physician immunity

The bill provides that a physician who does all of the following is not subject to criminal prosecution, damages in any civil action, or professional disciplinary action, for a violation under the bill:

- Using reasonable medical judgment, believes it is highly probable that the pregnant woman will die from a certain fatal condition before her unborn child is viable;
- Performs a surgery, before the unborn child is viable, for the sole purpose of treating the pregnant woman’s fatal condition;
- Takes all possible steps to preserve the life of the unborn child, while preserving the life of the woman, including, if applicable, attempting to reimplant an ectopic pregnancy into the woman’s uterus.¹¹

Under the bill, a “physician” has the same meaning as in existing law, which is a person who is licensed to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery by the state medical board or a person who otherwise is authorized to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery in Ohio.¹² “Reasonable medical judgment” means a medical judgment that would be made by a reasonably prudent physician, knowledgeable about the case and the treatment possibilities with respect to the medical conditions involved.¹³ “Fatal condition” is defined as a disease or injury that will lead to a patient’s death, and does not include either (1) a condition related to the patient’s mental health, or (2) pregnancy itself.¹⁴ Finally, “viable” means the stage of development of a human fetus at which there is a realistic possibility of maintaining and nourishing life outside the womb with or without temporary artificial life-sustaining support.¹⁵

⁹ R.C. 2904.20.

¹⁰ R.C. 2904.02(D).

¹¹ R.C. 2904.35.

¹² R.C. 2904.02(B) and 2305.113(E)(2), not in the bill.

¹³ R.C. 2904.02(C).

¹⁴ R.C. 2904.02(A).

¹⁵ R.C. 2904.02(E).

Affirmative defense for pregnant woman

The bill provides an affirmative defense to a charge under the bill, for the woman upon whom an abortion was performed or attempted, if both of the following apply:

- She was compelled by force, fear, duress, intimidation, or fraud to have the abortion;
- She has filed a report with a law enforcement agency, with the requisite jurisdiction, certifying in writing that she was compelled to have the abortion.¹⁶

Miscellaneous changes re: new abortion offenses

The bill amends all Revised Code sections that generally apply to murder or aggravated murder to include abortion murder and aggravated abortion murder. Below is a table with a summary of these updates.

Citation	Description
R.C. 109.57 and 109.572	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder regarding criminal offenses included in Bureau of Criminal Identification and Investigation's (BCII) criminal records checks.
R.C. 109.97	Adds aggravated abortion murder death sentences to the Attorney General's annual capital case status report.
R.C. 177.01	For purposes of determining a "pattern of corrupt activity" for the Organized Crime Investigations Commission to investigate, provides that aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder are exceptions to the requirement that the most recent of the incidents forming the pattern must occur within six years after the commission of any prior incident forming the pattern.
R.C. 313.131	Exempts a coroner from following special procedures when an autopsy is contrary to decedent's religious belief, if the case involves aggravated abortion murder, abortion murder, or suspected aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2105.19	Generally prohibits a person who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, from materially benefitting from the death.
R.C. 2108.77	Disqualifies a person named as a declarant's representative or has a deceased adult's right of disposition, if that person has been charged with aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.

¹⁶ R.C. 2904.30.

Citation	Description
R.C. 2151.356	Prohibits records from being sealed for a case in which a person was adjudicated a delinquent child for committing aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2151.414	Requires the court to enter a finding that the child cannot be placed with either parent within a reasonable time or should not be placed with either parent when a parent committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2151.419	Requires the court to determine that a public children services agency or private child placing agency is not required to make reasonable efforts to prevent the removal of the child from, or return the child to, the child's home if the parent committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2152.02	Classifies aggravated abortion murder, abortion murder, and attempted aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder as "category one offenses" for purposes of juvenile delinquency laws.
R.C. 2152.021	Requires a court to give written notice to a school district's superintendent if a complaint or indictment is filed alleging aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder by a child, 16 years old or older, on property owned or controlled by, or at an activity held under the auspices of, the school district, if the victim was an employee of the school district.
R.C. 2152.11	Provides a range of dispositions that a delinquent child may receive if the child committed or attempted aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2152.12	Describes instances when a juvenile court must transfer for adult prosecution a case involving an alleged delinquent child if the child committed or attempted aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2152.16	Permits a juvenile court to commit a child to the legal custody of the Department of Youth Services under the age of 21 if the child committed or attempted aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2152.17	Requires that if a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder and the child, as an adult would have been guilty of a criminal gang participation specification, the juvenile court must commit the child to the Department of Youth Services for institutionalization

Citation	Description
	in a secured facility for not less than one, but not more than three, years.
R.C. 2152.20	Allows a juvenile court to impose a fine of no more than \$2,000 for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder when a child is adjudicated a delinquent child for that act.
R.C. 2152.59	Provides that a child may be ordered to participate in competency attainment services for no more than one year when the child is charged with aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2152.72	Provides that a child that is adjudicated a delinquent child for committing, or conspiracy to attempt, aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder is subject to certain provisions regarding information about the child's history that foster caregivers or prospective adoptive parents must receive before placement.
R.C. 2152.74	Requires the Director of Youth Services and the chief administrative officer of a facility for delinquent children to collect DNA from a child in its custody who is adjudicated delinquent for an act that would be aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2152.86	Specifies that a delinquent child who has committed, attempted to commit, conspired to commit, or been complicit in committing aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder with a purpose to gratify the child's sexual needs or desires, must be classified as a juvenile offender registrant, comply with certain provisions of the sex offender registry and notification (SORN) law, and classified as a public registry-qualified juvenile offender registrant.
R.C. 2317.02	Exempts from the general rule that an employee assistance professional cannot testify about certain communications from a client in some contexts, if the disclosure or testimony relates directly to the facts or immediate circumstances of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2901.01	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the definition of "offense of violence," as the term is used in the Revised Code.
R.C. 2901.02	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the law governing crime classifications.

Citation	Description
R.C. 2901.07	Adds misdemeanor violations arising out of the same circumstances as a charge of aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the list of violations to which DNA specimen collection duties apply.
R.C. 2901.13	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the list of offenses for which there is no period of limitation for prosecution.
R.C. 2903.41	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the list of violations that a person commit in order to be considered a "violent offender."
R.C. 2909.24	Provides sentencing guidelines for a defendant who has committed terrorism and whose underlying offense is aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2921.32	Classifies the crime of obstructing justice as a third degree felony if the crime committed by the person aided is aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2921.34	Provides different felony classifications for the crime of escape based on the status of the offender under detention for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2923.01	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the crime of conspiracy and specifies that conspiracy is a felony of the first degree when one of the objects of the conspiracy is aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2923.02	Classifies the crime of attempt as a felony of the first degree if the person is guilty of an attempt to commit aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2923.131	Classifies possession of a deadly weapon while the person is under detention for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder as a felony of the first degree.
R.C. 2923.132	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the definition of "violent felony offense" for the purposes of the crime of unlawful use of a weapon by a violent career criminal.

Citation	Description
R.C. 2923.31	Exempts aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder from the six-year time limit for determining successive incidents forming a pattern under the definition of “pattern of corrupt activity” regarding the crime of engaging in a pattern of corrupt activity.
R.C. 2923.32	Generally classifies as a first degree felony the crime of engaging in a pattern of corrupt activity when one of the incidents of corrupt activity is aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2927.21	Adds aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the definition of “offense subject to forfeiture proceedings” regarding the crime of receiving proceeds of an offense subject to forfeiture proceedings.
R.C. 2929.01	Defines, for purposes of the criminal penalties and sentencing requirements, a “repeat violent offender” as a person being sentenced for committing or complicity in committing aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder and who was previously convicted of or pleaded guilty to those offenses or any of the other offenses listed in that definition under existing law.
R.C. 2929.02, 2929.03, 2929.04, 2929.05, 2929.06, 2929.13, 2929.14, 2929.143, 2929.31, 2929.32, and 2929.34	Makes various changes to the criminal penalties and sentencing requirements regarding the aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder.
R.C. 2929.021 ¹⁷	Requires the clerk of court to file certain notices with the Supreme Court when an indictment for aggravated abortion murder is filed.

¹⁷ R.C. 2929.021(A) contains a technical error that has a substantive impact. It provides that the notice to the Supreme Court must contain each charge of abortion murder, when it should provide for “aggravated” abortion murder.

Citation	Description
R.C. 2929.022	Relates to the determination of aggravating circumstances of a prior conviction for a defendant indicted for aggravated abortion murder.
R.C. 2929.023	Allows a person charged with aggravated abortion murder with an aggravating circumstance to raise the matter of the defendant's age at the time of the commission of the offense.
R.C. 2929.024	Allows an indigent defendant charged with aggravated abortion murder to obtain investigation services, experts, or other services reasonably necessary for proper representation.
R.C. 2930.16	Requires notices regarding various proceedings involving a defendant, including for the defendant's release, sentence reduction or termination, pardon or commutation, escape, or death, to victims if the defendant is incarcerated for, or if an alleged juvenile offender has been charged with the commission of an act the would be, if committed by an adult, aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder. Requires the Adult Parole Authority's rules to include victim conferences related to prisoners incarcerated for aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder.
R.C. 2933.51	Adds to the definition of "designated offense" aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, under the wiretapping and electronic surveillance law.
R.C. 2933.81	Provides that all statements made by a person suspected of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder during a custodial interrogation in a place of detention are presumed to be voluntary if the statements are electronically recorded.
R.C. 2933.82	Establishes requirements for securing biological evidence in relation to an investigation or prosecution of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder. ¹⁸
R.C. 2937.222	Allows a judge to hold a hearing to determine whether an accused person charged with aggravated abortion murder (if not a capital offense) or abortion murder should be denied bail.

¹⁸ A technical amendment is needed to correct an incorrect cross-reference in R.C. 2933.82(B)(1). The bill references "2904.04, or 2904.04." The reference should be "2904.03, or 2904.04."

Citation	Description
R.C. 2941.14 and 2941.143	Specifies indictment requirements regarding aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder.
R.C. 2941.147	Allows an indictment or complaint to include a specification that a person committing the offense of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, or attempt or complicity in such an offense, committed the offense with sexual motivation.
R.C. 2941.148	Provides that Ohio law regarding the sentencing of sexually violent predators applies to an offender who commits aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, if certain specifications are met.
R.C. 2945.06	Requires, when a defendant waives the defendant's right to a jury trial and pleads guilty to aggravated abortion murder, that the accused's guilt be determined by a three-judge court.
R.C. 2945.11	Requires the court to tell the jury that in determining guilt, punishment is determined by the judge except in cases of abortion murder.
R.C. 2945.38	Prohibits a defendant from being required to get treatment to become competent to stand trial for longer than one year if the most serious offense charged is aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2945.57	Generally exempts cases of aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder from the ten-person character witness limitation regarding who may testify at trial for each side.
R.C. 2945.74	Requires the court to take certain steps relating to sentencing if the offense charged is abortion murder and the accused is convicted by confession in open court.
R.C. 2949.02 and 2953.09	Prohibits a common pleas court judge from releasing a defendant on bail pending appeal if the offense is aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2950.01	<p>Defines "sexually oriented offense" and "tier III sex offender/child-victim offender" for purposes of sex offender registration and notification law to include a person who has committed aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder with a sexual motivation.</p> <p>Defines "public registry-qualified juvenile offender" to include a person adjudicated a delinquent child and has committed</p>

Citation	Description
	aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder with the purpose to gratify the sexual needs or desires of the child, among other criteria.
R.C. 2950.99	Applies SORN law violation penalties to aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder to the same extent as those penalties apply regarding aggravated murder and murder under existing law.
R.C. 2953.08	Provides that a sentence imposed for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder is not subject to review under the law regarding grounds for appeal as of right for a felony sentence.
R.C. 2953.11	Exempts defendants convicted of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder from certain requirements imposed on the clerk of the suspending court and sheriff when a defendant has been committed to a correctional institution and the sentence is suspended.
R.C. 2953.21	Allows a person who has been sentenced to death to ask the court in a post-conviction relief petition to render the judgment void or voidable with respect to an aggravated abortion murder conviction.
R.C. 2953.25	Provides that a certificate of qualification for employment does not provide relief regarding the denial, ineligibility, or automatic suspension of health care professional licensure for individuals convicted of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder
R.C. 2967.01	Modifies the definition of “parole” for purposes of the law governing parole, probation, and pardon to mean, regarding a prisoner who is serving a prison term for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, a release from confinement by the Adult Parole Authority.
R.C. 2967.05	Prohibits an inmate serving a sentence for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder from being eligible for release when the inmate is terminally ill, medically incapacitated, or in imminent danger of death.
R.C. 2967.12	Requires that if a person who committed abortion murder or aggravated abortion murder is being considered for parole, a notice about the right to testify before the Adult Parole Board, and other information, must be provided to the victim of the offense.

Citation	Description
R.C. 2967.121	Requires the Adult Parole Authority to provide notice of release from confinement of a convict serving a sentence for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder to the appropriate prosecuting attorneys, among others.
R.C. 2967.13	Provides that if a sentence of life imprisonment was imposed for the offense of abortion murder, the prisoner is not entitled to any earned credit and is eligible for parole at the expiration of the prisoner's minimum term.
R.C. 2967.18	Excludes a person who is serving a term of imprisonment for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder (or conspiracy in, complicity in, or attempt to commit those offenses) from eligibility for a reduction of sentence.
R.C. 2967.19	Includes in the definition of "disqualifying prison term," for purposes of the law on petitioning for early release, a prison term for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder. Generally requires victim notification of early-release filing for an offender who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2967.193	Prohibits a person confined to a state correctional institution or substance use disorder treatment from being awarded days of credit towards the person's stated prison term if the person is sentenced to death or is serving a prison term for aggravated abortion murder, abortion murder, or attempt or conspiracy to commit those crimes.
R.C. 2967.26	Requires that, if a prisoner is incarcerated for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, notice be given to the victim of the offense regarding the prisoner's transfer to a transitional control.
R.C. 2971.01	Defines "designated homicide, assault, or kidnapping offense," for purposes of the sentencing law for sexually violent predators, to include a violation of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 2971.03	Provides sentencing requirements for sexually violent offenders with sexually violent predator specification as it relates to aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder to the same extent as those requirements apply to aggravated murder and murder.

Citation	Description
R.C. 2971.07	Provides that the chapter on sentencing sexually violent predators does not apply to an offender who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder unless the offender is also convicted of or has pled guilty to a sexual motivation specification.
R.C. 3301.32 and 3301.541	Generally prohibits a head start agency or preschool program from employing a person as someone responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child if the person committed aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder.
R.C. 3313.662	Authorizes the superintendent of public instruction to permanently exclude a pupil from attending any public schools in the state if the pupil is convicted of, or adjudicated a delinquent child (when age 16 or older), for committing aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder under certain circumstances.
R.C. 3319.31	Requires the State Board of Education or Superintendent to refuse to issue or renew, and to revoke, a license to a person who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 3319.39	Prohibits a board of education of a school district, governing board of an educational service center, and governing authority of a chartered nonpublic school to employ a person who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 3712.09 and 3721.121	Prohibits a hospice care program, pediatric respite care program, or a home or adult day-care program from employing a person in a position involving direct care to an older adult or pediatric respite care patient if that person committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 3734.44	Prohibits a permit or license from being issued or renewed by the Director of Environmental Protection or a board of health if any individual or business concern required to be listed in the disclosure statement or shown to be beneficial to the applicant's business has been convicted of abortion murder.
R.C. 4715.30, 4717.14, 4723.281, 4730.25, 4731.22, 4734.36, 4741.22, 4757.361,	Requires automatic suspension from practice of any holder of a permit, license, or certificate for the following professions, for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Dentists and dental hygienists; ▪ Embalmers, funeral directors, and crematory operators; ▪ Nurses;

Citation	Description
4759.07, 4760.13, 4761.09, 4762.13, 4765.114, 4774.13, 4778.14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Physician assistants; ▪ Physicians; ▪ Practitioners of limited branches of medicine (Massage therapists, Cosmetic therapists, Naprapathy practitioners, and Mechanotherapists); ▪ Chiropractors; ▪ Veterinarians; ▪ Counselors, social workers, and marriage or family therapists; ▪ Dietitians; ▪ Anesthesiologist assistants; ▪ Respiratory care professionals; ▪ Oriental medicine practitioners or acupuncturists; ▪ Emergency medical service professionals; ▪ Radiologist assistants; ▪ Genetic counselors.
R.C. 4717.05 and 4717.051	Requires that if an applicant wants to be a licensed embalmer or crematory operator and has committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, at least five years must have elapsed since the applicant was released from incarceration, community control sanction, or treatment for the offense.
R.C. 4723.092	Provides that an individual is ineligible for a nursing license or certification if a criminal records check indicates that the individual has committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 4776.10	Defines “crime of moral turpitude” or “moral turpitude” to include aggravated abortion murder and abortion murder in the law governing criminal records checks for various occupational licenses.
R.C. 5103.0319	Requires a foster caregiver or prospective foster caregiver to notify the agency in writing if a person between 12 and 17 years of age residing with the caregiver has committed aggravated abortion murder, abortion murder, or conspiracy to commit either offense.
R.C. 5120.032	Prohibits a prisoner who is serving a prison term, or has previously been imprisoned, for aggravated abortion murder or

Citation	Description
	abortion murder from participating in an intensive program prison.
R.C. 5120.53	Exempts an offender imprisoned for aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder from being transferred or exchanged to another country pursuant to a treaty between the United States and another country.
R.C. 5120.61	Requires the Department of Rehabilitation and Correction to adopt standards to assess criminal offenders who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder with a sexual motivation specification for purposes of risk assessment reports for sexually violent offenders.
R.C. 5139.05	Allows the juvenile court to commit a child to the Department of Youth Services if the child committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder, among other criteria.
R.C. 5139.20	Prohibits the emergency release of children committed to the Department of Youth Services who committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.
R.C. 5149.101	Allows the victim of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder to request the Parole Board to hold a full board hearing relating to the proposed parole or re-parole of the offender; allows the family of a victim who died as a result of aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder to show a video memorializing the victim at a full board hearing.
R.C. 5153.111	Prohibits a public children services agency from employing a person responsible for the care, custody, or control of a child if the person committed aggravated abortion murder or abortion murder.

HISTORY

Action	Date
Introduced	11-14-19
