



OHIO LEGISLATIVE SERVICE COMMISSION

Bill Analysis

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Sub. H.B. 131

132nd General Assembly
(As Passed by the House)

Reps. Gavarone and Reineke, Blessing, Lepore-Hagan, Anielski, Antonio, Arndt, Ashford, Greenspan, Hambley, Henne, Holmes, Hoops, Manning, Patton, Pelanda, Rogers, Ryan, Schaffer, Scherer, Schuring, Seitz, Slaby, Stein, Sweeney, West, Wiggam

BILL SUMMARY

- Includes in the practice of physical therapy the evaluation of a person to determine (1) a physical therapy diagnosis to treat physical impairments, functional limitations, and physical disabilities, (2) a prognosis, and (3) a plan of therapeutic intervention.
 - Specifies that "physical therapy diagnosis" does not include a medical diagnosis.
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CONTENT AND OPERATION

Physical therapy scope of practice

The bill modifies the activities that may be performed by a physical therapist as described in the physical therapist licensing law.¹ Currently, the practice of physical therapy is described generally as the evaluation and treatment of a person by physical measures and the use of therapeutic exercises and rehabilitative procedures, with or without assistive devices, for the purpose of preventing, correcting, or alleviating any disability.

Purpose relative to treating disability

The bill revises the existing description of the purpose of physical therapy. Under the bill, the purpose is to prevent, correct, or alleviate physical impairments,

¹ R.C. 4755.40 to 4755.56.

functional limitations, and physical disabilities (rather than to prevent, correct, or alleviate any disability, as provided in current law).²

Patient evaluation and physical therapy diagnosis

The bill specifies that physical therapy includes the evaluation of a person to determine all of the following:

(1) A physical therapy diagnosis to treat a person's physical impairments, functional limitations, and physical disabilities;

(2) A prognosis;

(3) A plan of therapeutic intervention.³

"Physical therapy diagnosis" is defined by the bill as a judgment made after examining the neuromusculoskeletal system or evaluating or studying its symptoms and that uses physical therapy techniques and science to establish a plan of therapeutic intervention. The bill specifies that a physical therapy diagnosis does not include a medical diagnosis.⁴ In conjunction, the bill eliminates a similar provision of existing law specifying that physical therapy does not include the medical diagnosis of a patient's disability.

Physical measures

The bill specifies that the physical measures a physical therapist may use include not only massage, as provided in current law, but also other manual therapy techniques. The other physical measures included in the practice of physical therapy under current law are heat, cold, air, light, water, electricity (except as discussed below), sound, and the performance of tests of neuromuscular function as an aid to treatment.

Physiotherapy

The bill specifies that "physiotherapy" and "physiotherapist" are the same as "physical therapy" and "physical therapist," respectively.⁵ Under current law, "physical therapy" includes physiotherapy and "physical therapist" includes a physiotherapist.⁶

² R.C. 4755.40(A).

³ R.C. 4755.40(A)(2).

⁴ R.C. 4755.40(B)

⁵ R.C. 4755.40(E).



Retained exclusions and limitations

The following activities are currently excluded from the practice of physical therapy and remain expressly excluded under the bill, including under the bill's revisions regarding the use of physical measures:⁷

- (1) The use of Roentgen rays (X-rays) or radium for diagnostic or therapeutic purposes;
- (2) The use of electricity for cauterization or other surgical purposes.

The bill retains a provision specifying that physical therapy includes activities involving assistive devices, such as wheelchairs, prosthetics, and orthotics, but only if the activities are performed by a person who is adequately trained.⁸ The bill removes this limitation regarding adequate training from certain other activities that current law identifies as being part of the practice of physical therapy. This does not alter the requirement to be licensed as a physical therapist to perform these activities.⁹

HISTORY

| ACTION | DATE |
|---------------------|----------|
| Introduced | 03-16-17 |
| Reported, H. Health | 03-21-18 |
| Passed House (95-0) | 04-11-18 |

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⁶ R.C. 4755.40(A)(4) and (B).

⁷ R.C. 4755.40(A)(5).

⁸ R.C. 4755.40(A)(3).

⁹ R.C. 4755.48 and 4755.99, not in the bill.

