

Ohio Legislative Service Commission

Office of Research and Drafting Legislative Budget Office

S.B. 208 135 th General Assembly	Final Analysis
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Primary Sponsor: Sen. Roegner	

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SUMMARY

Open enrollment for military children

 Requires school districts to include an exception for military children in open enrollment policies.

Instruction on proper interactions with peace officers

 Eliminates laws requiring instruction on proper interactions with peace officers to high school students and in beginning driver training.

School employee child sexual abuse prevention training

 Permits, rather than requires, public schools to use law enforcement officers or prosecutors to provide employee in-service training on child sexual abuse.

Pre-service teacher permits

Permits a pre-service teacher permit to be for one year in duration.

Virtual services under special needs scholarships

 Permits educational aides or assistants and instructional assistants to provide services under the Autism and Jon Peterson Special Needs scholarships virtually.

School purchase of technological equipment

 Requires each school district and educational service center to seek to meet the varying and unique needs of students and teachers and consider certain factors when purchasing technological office equipment.

Regional Partnerships Program

 Establishes the Prenatal-to-Five Early Childhood to Post-Secondary Regional Partnerships Program to support early childhood to post-secondary regional partnerships throughout Ohio.

Home education learning pods

- Defines home education learning pod.
- Exempts home education learning pods from child care regulations.
- Prohibits a county or township from restricting or limiting the location of home education learning pods within any district/zone in the county or township.
- Prohibits a county or township from imposing additional or more stringent zoning regulations on a building or residence based solely on its association with or use by a home education learning pod.

DETAILED ANALYSIS

Open enrollment for military children

The act requires school districts that prohibit open enrollment or only accept open enrollment of students from adjacent districts to permit a student who is not a native student of the district to open enroll in the district if the student's parent is an active duty member of the U.S. armed forces who is stationed in Ohio and who provides the district a copy of the parent's official written order verifying the parent's status as an active duty member of the armed forces.¹

Under the act, an active duty member of the armed forces is a member of the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Space Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard who is on full-time duty.²

The act requires districts enrolling a military child under the new exception to comply with the same procedures required by continuing law for other open enrollments. Additionally, it prohibits districts from charging tuition for military children who enroll under the exception.³

The act also sets requirements for classifying students who open enroll in a district under the act, for enrollment reporting and transportation services. If a student who is not a native student of the district enrolls in a district that otherwise prohibits open enrollment, the student must be classified as an "other district student."⁴ A student who is not a native student of the district or an adjacent district and who enrolls in a district with an open enrollment policy only

¹ R.C. 3313.98(I)(1).

² R.C. 3313.98(A)(11) and (12).

³ R.C. 3313.98(I)(2).

⁴ R.C. 3313.98(I)(3); see also R.C. 3313.981, 3315.18, and 3317.03, not in the act.

for students from an adjacent district must be considered an "adjacent district student" for enrollment reporting and transportation services.⁵

Additionally, under the act, if a student's parent is discharged or released from active duty, a student enrolled under a district's military children open enrollment policy may continue to attend that district and receive transportation services for the remainder of the school year. However, after the conclusion of that school year, that student is not eligible to attend that district under that exception if the student does not have a parent on active duty.⁶

Instruction on proper interactions with peace officers

The act eliminates law that required:

- 1. The Department of Education and Workforce to adopt a model curriculum for high school students on proper interactions with peace officers during traffic stops and other encounters;
- 2. School districts and other public schools to use the Department's model curriculum in at least one course required for high school graduation; and
- 3. The Director of Public Safety to adapt the model curriculum for use in driver training programs and new driver instructional materials.⁷

School employee child sexual abuse prevention training

Continuing law requires public schools to adopt a program of in-service training in the prevention of child abuse, violence, and substance abuse and the promotion of positive youth development for educators and certain student service providers. The act permits, instead of requires as under former law, that the training be delivered by law enforcement officers or prosecutors with experience in handling cases involving child sexual abuse or child sexual violence. The act also specifies that those officers and prosecutors may provide the training at their own discretion so long as they have the required experience.⁸

Pre-service teacher permits

The act allows a pre-service teacher permit to be for one year in duration, in addition to three years as under continuing law. Under the permit, student teachers may substitute teach and receive compensation for it. A permit holder may substitute teach for up to one full semester, and be compensated for that service.⁹

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⁵ R.C. 3313.98(I)(4).

⁶ R.C. 3313.98(I)(5).

⁷ R.C. 3301.0721, Repeals R.C. 3313.6025 and 4508.022.

⁸ R.C. 3319.073.

⁹ R.C. 3319.0812.

Virtual services under special needs scholarships

The act permits educational aides or assistants and instructional assistants to provide services under the Autism and Jon Peterson Special Needs scholarships virtually. Continuing law already permits "qualified, credentialed providers" to do so.¹⁰

It also specifically requires the Department of Education and Workforce to include in its rules for the Autism scholarship that *virtual intervention services* may be provided by a qualified, credentialed provider, including a licensed educator or substitute teacher and specified credentialed professionals, and requires the Department to adopt the same such rules for the Jon Peterson Scholarship.¹¹

School purchase of technological equipment

The act requires each school district board of education and educational service center governing board to seek to meet the "varying and unique needs of students and teachers" when purchasing technological office equipment and computer hardware and software. The act also requires each board to consider the long-term cost of ownership, flexibility for innovation, and any anticipated residual or salvage value at the end of the target life cycle.¹²

Regional Partnerships Program

The act establishes the Prenatal-to-Five Early Childhood to Post-Secondary Regional Partnerships Program to support existing and establish new early childhood to post-secondary regional partnerships throughout Ohio. Each partnership must work collaboratively to increase educational attainment and economic mobility outcomes for children and adults.

Departmental responsibilities

The act requires the Departments of Education and Workforce and Higher Education to create, administer, and oversee the program.¹³ In so doing, the Departments must do all of the following:

- 1. Coordinate and convene a cohort of all existing and emerging regional partnerships at least quarterly to share best practices and assist in organizational development and growth;
- 2. Distribute grants to qualifying partnerships to support regional collaboration programs that align educational resources and community support with regional in-demand workforce skills, opportunities, and jobs;

¹⁰ R.C. 3310.41 and 3310.52.

¹¹ R.C. 3310.41 and 3310.64.

¹² R.C. 3313.37.

¹³ R.C. 3301.85(A).

- 3. Work to ensure that at least one regional partnership exists within each of the six different regions of the state determined by JobsOhio;¹⁴
- 4. Report the progress and outcomes of each regional partnership at least twice a year to the Director of Education and Workforce and the Chancellor of Higher Education, and annually to the Governor and the General Assembly.¹⁵

Makeup of a Partnership

Each partnership may consist of the following entities located in the same region:

- 1. Prenatal-to-five early learning programs;
- 2. Primary and secondary schools;
- 3. Educational service centers;
- 4. Out-of-school time providers;
- 5. Post-secondary institutions; and
- 6. Workforce and community partners.¹⁶

Grant eligibility requirements

To apply for grants under the program, a partnership must demonstrate an identified theory of action and explicit commitment to address all areas of the education and workforce continuum over time, including a commitment to measure and report targeted attainment outcome metrics. It must also demonstrate how it will (1) integrate and align its work with business advisory councils, the Educational Regional Service System, industry sector partnerships, and other regional educational attainment efforts and (2) work with local health care systems, service providers, and other stakeholders to better address the workforce readiness, mental health, and well-being skills children and young adults need for success.¹⁷

Reporting of performance metrics

Each qualifying partnership must report the following performance metrics for the partnership's region to both Departments:

- 1. Kindergarten readiness;
- 2. Third-grade reading proficiency;
- 3. Middle grade math proficiency;
- 4. High school graduation rates;

¹⁴ R.C. 187.01, not in the act. See <u>Explore Our Regions</u> for a description of each region, which is available at JobsOhio's website: <u>jobsohio.com</u>.

¹⁵ R.C. 3301.85(B).

¹⁶ R.C. 3301.85(A).

¹⁷ R.C. 3301.85(C)(1).

- 5. FAFSA completion rates;
- 6. Post-secondary enrollment;
- 7. Post-secondary credential or degree completion; and
- 8. Employment in the region, including the percentage of recent graduates who:
 - a. Found employment within one year of completing a post-secondary credential or degree; and
 - b. Completed some form of work-based learning while enrolled in a post-secondary institution. $^{18}\,$

Home education learning pods

The act defines a home education learning pod as a voluntary association of parents who direct their children's education through home education. Parents participating in a pod choose to group their children together in a home or other location at various times. This may include hours when home education is not provided. The pod includes only the parents' children who are receiving home education, except that it also may include siblings or other children under the care of the parents in the pod, regardless of age. The pod must have at least one parent of any of the children participating in the pod on the premises while the pod is meeting.¹⁹ Under continuing law, such arrangements could be considered child care and may be subject to licensure and regulation as a child care center or family child care home. The act exempts home education learning pods from those requirements.²⁰

Zoning

The act prohibits a county or township from restricting or limiting the location of home education learning pods within any district/zone in the county or township, and from imposing additional or more stringent zoning regulations on a building or residence based solely on its association with or use by a home education learning pod. Counties and townships still have the authority to require a building or residence used by a pod to comply with zoning requirements that would otherwise apply to the building or residence if it was not associated with or used by a pod.²¹

¹⁸ R.C. 3301.85(C)(2).

¹⁹ R.C. 5104.01(V).

²⁰ R.C. 5104.02.

²¹ R.C. 303.215 and 519.215.

HISTORY		
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Introduced	12-19-23	
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